## 35 Logarithmic Functions

## Due:

## 12/15/2015 at 06:00am EST.

Students will be able to:

- Switch exponential expressions into logarithmic form
- Switch logarithmic expressions into exponential form
- Identify graphs of basic logarithmic functions
- Determine the domain and range of simple logarithmic functions
- Evaluate expressions involving logarithmic and exponential functions
- Solve basic exponential and logarithmic equations


## Functions and symbols that WeBWorK understands.

## Links to some useful WeBWorK pages for students

1. ( 1 pt ) Match the functions with their graphs. Enter the letter of the graph below which corresponds to the function. (Click on image for a larger view )
2. $f(x)=\ln (2-x)$
3. $f(x)=-\ln x$
4. $f(x)=-\ln (-x)$
5. $f(x)=2+\ln x$
6. $f(x)=\ln (x-2)$
7. (1 pt) Evaluate the following expressions.
(a) $\ln e^{3}=$ $\qquad$
(b) $e^{\ln 5}=$ $\qquad$
(c) $e^{\ln \sqrt{3}}=$ $\qquad$
(d) $\ln \left(1 / e^{3}\right)=$ $\qquad$
8. (1 pt)

If $\ln (7 x+3)=3$, then $x=$ $\qquad$
7. (1 pt) If $e^{4 x}=23$, then $x=$ $\qquad$
8. (1 pt) Express the equation in exponential form:
(a) $\log _{32} 2=\frac{1}{5}$.

That is, write your answer in the form $32^{A}=B$. Then:
A = $\qquad$ B = $\qquad$
(b) $\log _{2} \frac{1}{32}=-5$.

That is, write your answer in the form $2^{C}=D$. Then:
$\mathrm{C}=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{D}=$ $\qquad$
9. (1 pt) Express the equation in exponential form:
(a) $\ln 5=x$ is equivalent to $e^{A}=B$.
$\mathrm{A}=\longrightarrow, \mathrm{B}=$ $\qquad$
(b) $\ln x=3$ is equivalent to $e^{C}=D$.
$\mathrm{C}=$ $\qquad$ , D = $\qquad$
10. ( 1 pt ) Express the equation in logarithmic form:
(a) $4^{5}=1024$ is equivalent to $\log _{4} A=B$.

A = $\qquad$ , $\mathrm{B}=$ $\qquad$
(b) $10^{-4}=1 / 10000$ is equivalent to $\log _{10} C=D$.
$\mathrm{C}=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{D}=$ $\qquad$
11. (1 pt) Evaluate the expression:
(a) $\log _{2} 2^{2}=$ $\qquad$
(b) $\log _{2} 32=$ $\qquad$
(c) $\log _{2} 2=$
12. ( 1 pt ) Evaluate the following expressions, and fill in the table with your solutions that are reduced to the simplest form.

| Expression | Solution |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\log _{3}\left(\frac{1}{27}\right)$ |  |
| $\log \sqrt[4]{10}$ |  |
| $\log 0.01$ |  |

13. (1 pt) Evaluate the following expressions, and fill in the table with your solutions that are reduced to the simplest form.

| Expression | Solution |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\ln e^{-1}$ | - |
| $\ln e^{6}$ |  |
| $\ln (1 / e)$ |  |

14. (1 pt) Find $x$.
(a) $\log _{7} x=2$

Your answer is:
(b) $\log _{2} 16=x$

Your answer is:
$\qquad$
15. (1 pt) Find $x$.
(a) $\log x=3$
$x=$
(b) $\log _{5} x=3$
$x=$
16. (1 pt) Find $x$.
(a) $\log _{x} 27=3$
$x=$
(b) $\log _{x} 16=2$
$x=$
17. (1 pt) If the graph of the function $y=\log _{a} x$ goes through $(26,1)$, then:
$a=$ $\qquad$
18. (1 pt) The graph of the function $y=\log _{a} x$ goes through $(37,-1)$.
19. (1 pt) The graph of the function $f(x)=\log _{2}(x-1)$ can be obtained from the graph of $g(x)=\log _{2} x$ by one of the following actions:
(a) shifting the graph of $g(x)$ to the right 1 units;
(b) shifting the graph of $g(x)$ to the left 1 units;
(c) shifting the graph of $g(x)$ upward 1 units;
(d) shifting the graph of $g(x)$ downward 1 units;

Your answer is (input a, b, c, or d) $\qquad$
The domain of the function is $\qquad$ Is the range of the function is $\qquad$
20. (1 pt) The graph of the function $f(x)=5+\log _{2} x$ can be obtained from the graph of $g(x)=\log _{2} x$ by one of the following actions:
(a) shifting the graph of $g(x)$ to the right 5 units;
(b) shifting the graph of $g(x)$ to the left 5 units;
(c) shifting the graph of $g(x)$ upward 5 units;
(d) shifting the graph of $g(x)$ downward 5 units;

Your answer is (input a, b, c, or d)
The domain of the function is $\qquad$
$\qquad$ Is the range of the function is $\qquad$
21. ( 1 pt ) Find the solution of the exponential equation
$19 e^{x}=2$
$x=$ $\qquad$
22. (1 pt) Find the solution of the exponential equation

$$
e^{1-4 x}=5
$$

$x=$ $\qquad$
23. (1 pt) Find the solution of the logarithmic equation
$\ln x=7$
Your answer is
$x=$ $\qquad$

